

MEDIA RELEASE

Singapore and Guangdong's bilateral trade reaches US\$15.09 billion in the first half of 2026

Guangdong is Singapore's top provincial trading partner for the 37th consecutive year

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Singapore, Tuesday, 25 August 2026

1. Singapore and Guangdong's economic ties remain strong, with bilateral trade reaching US\$15.09 billion in 1H 2026. Guangdong also remained Singapore's top provincial trading partner in China for the 37th consecutive year in 2025. Building on these longstanding links, the 16th Singapore-Guangdong Collaboration Council (SGCC) meeting was held in Singapore today, bringing together over 150 government and business representatives from both sides to explore and deepen bilateral cooperation and growth.
2. The meeting was co-chaired by Minister for Health and Coordinating Minister for Social Policies Mr Ong Ye Kung and Guangdong Governor Mr Meng Fanli. This was Governor Meng's first visit to Singapore since assuming the role of SGCC Guangdong co-chair last year. Mr Alvin Tan, Minister of State for Foreign Affairs and National Development, was also present.
3. During the meeting, both sides reaffirmed the good progress achieved under the SGCC and discussed how the partnership could be further developed amid a challenging global environment. A total of 22 project signings were concluded at the meeting, reflecting the strong mutual interest in advancing cooperation across areas such as innovation, healthcare, finance and talent exchange.
4. Said Minister Ong, "Singapore and Guangdong have built a strong and enduring partnership over time, one that has demonstrated resilience and depth over the decades. The challenges of today's global environment make it more important than ever to have like-minded partners. We share common priorities across healthcare, innovation and the digital economy, and our strengths complement each other well. As gateways to our

respective regions, we are well-placed to help each other access new markets and opportunities. Through the SGCC, we will continue to build on this foundation and open new pathways for growth.”

Strengthening partnerships in areas of shared interest

5. Singapore and Guangdong are deepening collaboration in the **digital economy**, with artificial intelligence (AI) emerging as a key area of shared interest. Singapore's National AI Strategy 2.0 and Guangdong's 15th Five-Year Plan share a common ambition to transform priority sectors such as advanced manufacturing, financial services, logistics, and healthcare. Both sides are already translating this shared vision into concrete partnerships. For example:
 - a. Singapore's Land Transport Authority (LTA) is partnering Shenzhen-based tech startup ZoeRobot (卓蚁科技) to deploy AI-powered wall-panel mounting robots for the Cross Island Line project since 2025. This has reduced manpower requirements for compaction work during concrete casting by around 30%.
 - b. AI-led technology services company NCS is partnering Shenzhen Urban Transport Planning Centre (SUTPC) to develop AI-driven solutions for smart transportation, smart airports, and operations command systems across the Asia-Pacific region.
6. Singapore and Guangdong's collaboration in the **healthcare and biomedical** sector has seen good progress. Companies and research institutions from both sides are partnering to accelerate the development and commercialisation of innovative medical treatments.
 - a. For example, Singapore biotech company LionTCR will work with Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (GPHL), one of China's largest pharmaceutical and healthcare companies, to jointly develop and accelerate the clinical translation of next-generation TCR-T cell therapies.
 - b. Singapore cell-therapy company BioSyngen is partnering Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University to establish an international medical platform. With cross-border treatment channels as a key enabler, the partnership aims to advance immune cell therapy for solid tumours through joint clinical research, a shared R&D and translation platform, and talent development in the Greater Bay Area.

7. In **innovation**, collaboration under the Singapore-Shenzhen Joint Innovation Call¹ is gaining momentum, with partnerships from the first edition seeing results. An example is Amerig Offshore Engineering, a Singapore company specialising in offshore wind foundation protection. It partnered Shenzhen Geokey Construction Group and CIMC Offshore Engineering under the 2023 Joint Innovation Call to jointly develop and deploy high-performance solidified soil materials for scour protection. The collaboration shortened research and development timelines by about 10% to 20% and supported deployments in regional offshore wind projects.

Good progress in anchor projects

8. The **China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City (CSGKC)** remains an important launchpad for Singapore companies venturing into Guangdong. Singapore-based semiconductor equipment company Component Technology is one of the companies that has recently established a presence in the CSGKC. The company will cooperate with AQ Technology's Shenzhen branch to jointly develop AI software for advanced semiconductor packaging.
9. The CSGKC has evolved as a hub for talent exchange between Singapore and Guangdong, having signed Memoranda of Understanding with Business China, the Singapore University of Social Sciences, and the Singapore Institute of Technology respectively to advance collaboration in areas such as talent and workforce development, youth and student exchanges, healthcare innovation, and cross-cultural engagement.

Annex 1: List of signings at the 16th SGCC meeting

Annex 2: Opening remarks by Minister Ong Ye Kung at the 16th SGCC meeting

Annex 3: Remarks by Minister of State Alvin Tan at the 16th SGCC meeting

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¹ The Singapore-Shenzhen Joint Innovation Call is jointly administered by Enterprise Singapore and the Shenzhen Science, Technology and Innovation Committee (SZSTIC).

About Enterprise Singapore

Enterprise Singapore is the government agency championing enterprise development.

We partner committed companies to build capabilities, innovate and go global. We drive growth – empowering local businesses and shaping industries, anchoring Singapore as a trade and startup hub, and establishing trust in our products through quality and standards.

We're here, for wherever you're growing. Visit www.enterprisesg.gov.sg for more information.

About Singapore-Guangdong Collaboration Council meeting

The Singapore-Guangdong Collaboration Council (SGCC) was established on 24 March 2009, with the objective of promoting broader exchanges and cooperation between the business communities of Singapore and Guangdong. The launch of the SGCC was witnessed by then-Singapore Senior Minister Goh Chok Tong and then-Guangdong Party Secretary Wang Yang. Minister for Health and Coordinating Minister for Social Policies, Ong Ye Kung, and Guangdong Governor Meng Fanli are the Co-Chairmen of the Council.

Comprising leaders, government officials and private sector representatives from Singapore and Guangdong, the SGCC aims to promote cooperation between Singapore and Guangdong beyond economic areas, including training, tourism and education exchanges.

List of signings at the 16th SGCC meeting

S/N	Title and description
1	BioSyngen Therapeutics Pte. Ltd. – Zhujiang Hospital of Southern Medical University The partnership aims to establish an international medical platform with cross-border treatment channels as a key enabler, while advancing immune cell therapy for solid tumours through joint clinical research, a shared R&D and translation platform, and talent development in the Greater Bay Area.
2	Business China – China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City Investment & Development Co. Ltd Both parties aim to collaborate in internship opportunities, youth engagement, and joint learning and cross-cultural exchanges.
3	Comfortdelgro (China) Pte Ltd – China Construction Science and Industry Corporation Ltd Both parties will focus on sustainable urban mobility and smart infrastructure, combining ComfortDelGro's transport operating experience with CCSIC's engineering and construction capabilities across robotaxi hubs, intelligent parking, EV charging, and energy management.
4	Comfortdelgro (China) Pte Ltd – Guangdong Zhenghe Intelligent Equipment Co., Ltd The partnership aims to develop an "Air-Ground Integrated Smart Hub" combining smart vertical parking, new-energy infrastructure, and low-altitude economy hubs, with pilot projects in Guangzhou in 2026 and plans for broader rollout.
5	Component Technology – Aqrose Technology This joint collaboration aims to develop AI software for semiconductor packaging equipment, leveraging complementary strengths across Singapore, Shenzhen, and Guangzhou. The aim is to improve production efficiency, reduce costs, and establish replicable intelligent packaging solutions that support the upgrading of semiconductor manufacturing in the region.
6	E3A Healthcare – Momcozy The partnership will focus on co-developing and commercialising maternal and baby health technologies globally, combining E3A's medical technology capabilities with Momcozy's brand, distribution and market reach.
7	Edtech Plus Pte Ltd – Shenzhen Shenkun Technology Co., Ltd This project focuses on delivering integrated AI solutions for retail brands and physical stores, covering digital sales assistants, AI training, data insights, and store operations, with the goal of driving digital transformation in the retail industry.
8	Institute of Singapore Chartered Accountants – Guangdong University of Foreign Studies The agreement aims to connect accounting undergraduates with the professional accounting community, support their pathway towards becoming Singapore Chartered Accountants, and work towards Guangdong University of Foreign Studies becoming an ISCA Accredited University.

S/N	Title and description
9	IPOS International Pte Ltd – China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City Administrative Committee Both parties will focus on strengthening intellectual property and intangible asset collaboration between Singapore and Guangzhou through training, enterprise outreach, and initiatives to facilitate access to intellectual property services and support cross-border innovation.
10	Lion TCR – Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings Limited (GPHL) Both parties will focus on jointly developing mRNA-encoded TCR-T cell therapy technologies, especially in vivo TCR-T approaches and potential equity investment to deepen the partnership.
11	Nanyang Technological University – Shenzhen Urban Transport Planning Center Co., Ltd The research collaboration aims to develop an AI-driven road safety management system, integrating transport data, AI, large language models, and digital twin technologies to shift road safety governance from reactive response to proactive risk prevention.
12	National University of Singapore – National University Health System Pte Ltd – Shenzhen Mindray Bio-Medical Electronics Co. Ltd The collaboration will focus on advancing AI-driven healthcare innovation across emergency care, patient monitoring, surgical robotics, in vitro diagnostics, and hospital-to-community care models, with the aim of improving patient outcomes and clinical efficiency.
13	NCS Pte. Ltd. – SUTPC Digital Technology (Singapore Branch) Both parties will jointly develop and promote integrated solutions across smart transportation, smart airports, and integrated operations command. The partnership combines SUTPC's expertise in megacity transport governance, digital twins, and AI-enabled simulation with NCS' strengths in government digitalisation, cloud and network security, and systems integration across the Asia-Pacific region.
14	OCBC Bank Limited – China Gas Industrial (Shenzhen) Limited The partnership will focus on comprehensive banking cooperation covering project financing, cross-border RMB settlement, foreign exchange risk management, supply chain finance, treasury management, and green finance, supporting China Gas's clean energy expansion across ASEAN.
15	SG-Medical Promotive Association – Zhanjiang University of Science and Technology Both parties will focus on establishing an international nursing talent training base in Guangzhou Knowledge City, introducing Singapore's nursing education standards and international healthcare certification programmes.
16	Sheng Sheng F&B Industries Pte Ltd – Guangzhou Wanglaoji Great Health Industry Co., Ltd The partnership will focus on accelerating Wanglaoji's entry into the Singapore market, launching its international product lines through local channels and building the profile of its modern international brand, WALOVI.
17	Singapore Institute of Technology – China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City Investment & Development Co. Ltd

S/N	Title and description
	The project aims to promote cooperation in smart healthcare and robotics in healthcare, student internships in South China.
18	Singapore University of Social Sciences – China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City Investment & Development Co. Ltd The collaboration focuses on advancing healthcare innovation through Living Lab development, joint applied research, and long-term China-Singapore partnerships, alongside student and faculty exchanges, executive education, and industry engagement.
19	SMRT Corporation Ltd – Guangzhou Metro Group Co. Ltd Both parties will bid for the operations and maintenance contract of Singapore's Cross-Island Line, with Guangzhou Metro Group acting as international operator alongside SMRT in response to LTA's upcoming tender.
20	Tamarind Health – Guangzhou Royal Lee Cancer Hospital Both parties seek to focus on cross-border oncology collaboration, jointly establishing a China-Singapore telemedicine multidisciplinary tumour consultation centre to strengthen cancer care between the Greater Bay Area and Singapore.
21	Temasek Polytechnic – Shenzhen Polytechnic University Both parties will collaborate to advance business education through initiatives such as student immersion programmes, internships, faculty and staff exchanges, and joint industry projects. Areas of focus include cross-border e-commerce, digital business, international trade and logistics, hospitality and tourism, accounting and finance, FinTech, and marketing, with the shared goal of promoting and internationalising vocational education standards.
22	United Overseas Bank Limited – China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City Administrative Committee The partnership combines Guangzhou Knowledge City's innovation ecosystem with UOB's regional connectivity and commitment to empower businesses to scale beyond their home markets, leveraging UOB's extensive One Bank for ASEAN trade network, deep local market expertise and comprehensive cross-border banking capabilities.

**OPENING REMARKS BY MR ONG YE KUNG,
MINISTER FOR HEALTH AND COORDINATING MINISTER FOR
SOCIAL POLICIES, CO-CHAIR OF THE SINGAPORE-GUANGDONG
COLLABORATION COUNCIL (SGCC),
AT THE 16th SGCC MEETING, 25 AUGUST 2026**

尊敬的孟凡利省长

各位嘉宾

女士们、先生们

1. 大家下午好！首先，欢迎孟省长和代表团到访新加坡。我很高兴能再次与孟省长共同主持粤新合作理事会第十六次会议。
2. 世界动荡不安，科技突飞猛进，各个国家在思考如何在变局中把握机遇。今年是中国“十五五”规划开局之年，新加坡完成了经济战略检讨，所以2026年是个重要时刻。
3. 多年来，粤新理事会一直是双方深化合作的重要平台。从早期的产业投资，克服金融风暴和新冠疫情的危机，到今天拓展更多元、更高质量的合作，我深信这一平台能够继续发挥与时俱进的作用，推动双方在新兴领域的合作。
4. 接下来，我会以英语发言。

Building on Strong Foundations, Charting a Bright Future

5. Economic ties between Singapore and Guangdong go back at least to the 1980s. As China embarked on reform and opening up, it began with the southern coastal areas. Singapore, having industrialised and opened up after our independence in 1965, became a useful reference point. What worked for Singapore could work for Chinese cities. And we know that whatever China could learn from Singapore, it would in time do better.
6. Singapore companies were among the earliest to establish themselves in the Pearl River Delta, drawn by its abundant labour pool and efficient supply chains. Beyond hard

business calculations, our ties were also anchored in strong people-to-people and cultural links built over generations.

7. Over the years, we built upon this foundation. Guangdong has been Singapore's largest provincial trading partner in China for the last 37 years. In 2009, we established the Singapore-Guangdong Collaboration Council (SGCC). Later, flagship projects such as the China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City (CSGKC) and the Singapore-Shenzhen Smart City Initiative added further depth and breadth.

8. We also weathered difficult periods, including the 2008 Global Financial Crisis and the COVID-19 pandemic from 2020 to 2022. Through them all, we sustained our co-operation and kept our projects moving.

9. Not every project succeeds. Even today, we continue to manage investments that have run into difficulties. I thank the local and provincial governments in Guangdong for taking a long-term view, and your understanding and support for the Singapore companies involved.

10. Today, we are in a very different world. China has grown phenomenally into a vast market, production base and innovation centre. In the process, it has lifted hundreds of millions out of poverty, spurred growth and opened up opportunities across Asia. China's rise has changed Asia, and the world. Singapore-Guangdong co-operation was one seed of this historical development. In our own small way, we helped author part of this history.

11. At the same time, technology is advancing rapidly. The global order is shifting. Climate change is intensifying. The energy landscape is evolving. I need not elaborate further. Amid these changes, new areas of co-operation can anchor our outlook in optimism and hope.

12. After all, despite setbacks to globalisation, the world remains deeply intertwined. Global trade as a percentage of global GDP is far higher than 80 years ago, and when China joined the WTO in 2001. Countries still cooperate, invest and trade with one another. Chinese President Xi Jinping and US President Donald Trump met in May this year and agreed to establish a "constructive relationship of strategic stability" – which has steadied the geopolitical landscape. And despite concerns over job losses and the security implications of Artificial Intelligence (AI), AI is lifting productivity across many economies.

13. This is the story and foundation of Singapore-Guangdong relations. The question now is how we take this co-operation forward in the most meaningful way.

Areas of Focus

14. In the past, Singapore-Guangdong co-operation helped catalyse China's reform and opening up, and connect China with the global economy. Today, it should build stronger bridges to integrate China's vast market, production base and innovation hub status steadily and peacefully with the world.

15. To do so, we must persist in our co-operation in high-quality sectors such as advanced manufacturing, clean energy, AI and biomedical sciences. Minister of State Alvin Tan will

speak about some of these projects later. We are natural partners in these promising fields. Both of us are open economies and gateways to our respective regions – Singapore to Southeast Asia, and Guangdong to the Greater Bay Area and China.

16. ASEAN, with its growing market and geopolitical centrality, is an ideal space to bring China's products and services to the world. Just as Singapore was a reference point in the past for China's reform and opening up, today we can be the catalyst, gateway and facilitator to the globalisation of China's products and services.

17. Guangdong companies such as Tencent, Ping An and BYD have already established a presence in Singapore and throughout ASEAN. Guangzhou Pharmaceutical Holdings' latest interest in doing more with Singapore, reflected in the MOUs to be signed later, shows how Singapore can support the internationalisation of Chinese biomedical companies.

18. These Chinese companies will work alongside thousands of American, European, Japanese, Korean and other companies already anchored in Southeast Asia. Many of them use Singapore as a well-run urban testbed to trial and refine AI solutions before scaling them regionally or globally. From Singapore, they will find areas for collaboration, learn from each other, and synergise their capabilities. They can be the best of East plus West.

19. Southeast Asia and Singapore is also where we complement our supply chains and physical connectivity. The Pearl River Delta has unrivalled supply chain efficiency and sophistication. People around the world can access many affordable consumer products because of this unique capability on China's southern coast.

20. However, for these products to reach the world, and for products from all over the world to reach China, global trade flows must remain open and unimpeded. The disruption in the Strait of Hormuz reminds us that this cannot be taken for granted.

21. The Straits of Malacca and Singapore, with PSA Singapore playing a critical interchange role, carry far more global energy and container trade than the Strait of Hormuz. In a world of global hubs and spokes, PSA along the Straits of Malacca and Singapore is a key hub. The large majority of goods arriving at PSA Singapore do not leave the containers, and the containers do not leave the port, but they get restacked onto other ships for their onward journey. PSA keeps global trade humming along. We all have a stake in keeping this critical artery secure and open, and markets open to all.

22. We can go a step further, to explore co-operation in standards and regulation, especially in the healthcare and biomedical space.

23. We can explore joint clinical trials for new drugs and joint research projects. Singapore's Health Sciences Authority (HSA) signed an MOU with China's National Medical Products Administration in May this year, renewing our shared commitment to regulatory collaboration and extending it into emerging areas such as cell, tissue and gene therapy products.

24. HSA has worked hard to be recognised globally as a reputable health regulatory agency for drugs and medical devices, and is referenced by many jurisdictions. Chinese

biomedical companies can consider putting their new products through HSA's rigorous evaluation, and leverage HSA's regulatory co-operation network to access markets around the world.

Conclusion

25. The coming year is significant for both Singapore and Guangdong on the regional stage.

26. Shenzhen will host the APEC Economic Leaders' Meeting this November. The world will be watching closely. We hope it will make further progress in establishing norms for major powers to work and cooperate with one another, and set in motion further integration of China into the global economy.

27. Singapore will assume the ASEAN Chairmanship in 2027. We will continue to sustain and strengthen ASEAN centrality and convening power, at a time when the world needs such a platform most. We will further integrate ASEAN as a market and build stronger partnerships with the rest of the world.

28. Against this backdrop, Singapore and Guangdong, as bellwethers and pioneers in our respective regions and countries, will continue to have a special role to play. I am confident our relationship will continue to strengthen, because both sides have consistently redefined integration and connectivity for each new phase of history.

29. I thank all government and business delegates for your continued support and active participation in strengthening the Singapore-Guangdong partnership. I also wish Guangdong, especially Shenzhen, every success in hosting the APEC Economic Leaders' Meeting this November.

**REMARKS BY MR ALVIN TAN, MINISTER OF STATE FOR
FOREIGN AFFAIRS AND NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT
AT THE 16th SINGAPORE-GUANGDONG COLLABORATION
COUNCIL (SGCC) MEETING, 25 AUGUST 2026**

尊敬的孟凡利省长，
王乙康部长，
各位嘉宾，
女士们、先生们

1. 大家下午好！非常高兴能出席粤新合作理事会第十六次会议。也欢迎孟省长和代表团到访新加坡。

2. 广东和新加坡的合作基础深厚，双方在经贸、科技、旅游等领域的交流密切。从中新广州知识城到中新（深圳）智慧城市项目，双方在多个领域都取得了扎实的合作成果。希望通过今天的交流，我们能够继续推动并深化双方合作。

3. 接下来，我会以英语发言。

Our flagship platforms continue to deliver

4. Our bilateral projects have made good progress.

- a) The China-Singapore Guangzhou Knowledge City (CSGKC) continues to serve as a landing pad for Singapore companies to the GBA and beyond. **Keppel** deployed its Energy-as-a-Service solution at the CSGKC last year, using AI to optimise its cooling systems and operations to improve energy efficiency and deliver energy savings. **Singrow**, a Singapore agritech company, set up its first indoor vertical farm in the CSGKC in 2023. In just two years, it has scaled up to a 27,000-square-metre open-air facility in the CSGKC, expanded to other cities, and is now in its Series A+ funding round — a testament to how CSGKC helped it grow rapidly in a short space of time.
- b) Likewise, our Singapore-China (Shenzhen) Smart City Initiative continues to drive cooperation in the digital economy and innovation domains. We launched the **Singapore-Shenzhen Joint Innovation Call** in 2023 and to date, have received over

60 applications and supported close to 20 projects across biotechnology, artificial intelligence, and robotics.

Singapore companies leveraging Guangdong's robust ecosystem

5. Beyond our bilateral projects, Singapore companies continue to have strong confidence in Guangdong, scaling up their presence and diversifying into new areas.

- a) **ComfortDelGro** has built close partnerships with Guangdong companies. These include operating the Tianhe Bus Terminal and the Guangzhou ComfortDelGro Guangjiao New Energy Company with Guangzhou Public Transport Group. They are also collaborating with Pony.ai and other AV technology partners to deploy commercial robotaxis. This year, ComfortDelGro is establishing their Regional AV Centre of Excellence and headquarters for their future AV business in Qianhai to oversee their robotaxi operations nationwide. This reflects Guangdong's importance as the ideal base to scale ComfortDelGro's autonomous vehicle ambitions.

Singapore-Guangdong collaboration runs both ways

6. The business interest runs both ways. Just as Singapore companies are drawn to Guangdong's scale and opportunities, Guangdong companies are equally keen to expand to the region through Singapore. There are several sectors with strong potential for partnership:

- a) The first is the built environment. Singapore's construction sector faces manpower constraints and an urgent need to raise productivity through automation and technology adoption. Guangdong's robust robotics ecosystem can help address this. ZoeRobot (卓蚁科技) wall-panel installation robot has been deployed at LTA's Cross Island Line project since 2025, reducing manpower requirements by around 30%. Under such partnerships, Singapore offers a testbed and rich application scenarios in an urban setting, while Guangdong companies gain international track record that can open doors beyond China. Singapore is launching a large-scale robotics and physical AI testbed at the Punggol Digital District later this year, and we welcome more Guangdong companies to pilot their projects there.
- b) The second is financial services. Singapore and Guangdong are working together to mobilise capital to meet energy transition needs across the Greater Bay Area and ASEAN. Earlier this year, the **Singapore Exchange** facilitated a USD 500 million green bond listing for Guangzhou Development District Holding Group, demonstrating Singapore's value as a trusted international platform for Guangdong enterprises seeking global capital. Today, **OCBC** will sign an MOU with China Gas Industry (Shenzhen) Limited to support the company's regional growth strategy, including renewable energy projects across Southeast Asia.
- c) The third is tourism, where Singapore and Guangdong have their respective strengths. Singapore brings experience in destination branding, MICE, and blending business with leisure travel. Guangdong brings expertise in harnessing culture and heritage to drive tourism, and in theme park development such as the Changlong (长隆) theme

parks in Guangzhou and Zhuhai. I am glad Governor Meng and his delegation visited Sentosa yesterday, and hope both sides will find more opportunities to do more together.

Talent exchanges form the foundation

7. Our economic cooperation is underpinned by robust talent exchanges.
 - a) Through Business China's **Singapore-China Youth Interns Exchange Scheme (YES)**, 471 students from Singapore have interned in China since 2023, including 93 in Guangdong province. We hope to grow this number, so more young Singaporeans can experience Guangdong's business environment and help shape how the next generation of Singaporeans engages with China. Building on this, Business China will sign an MOU with the CSGKC JV Company today to deepen collaboration in talent development, youth engagement and education. The JV Company will also be signing MOUs with two other Singapore IHLs, on education and commercial collaboration. I hope that as we continue to boost economic linkages, we can also strengthen the links between our people.

Conclusion

8. These examples illustrate that Singapore-Guangdong cooperation continues to advance on multiple fronts. The SGCC meeting has made this possible, and I look forward to seeing it open new collaboration avenues in the years ahead.
9. On that note, I wish everyone a successful and productive meeting ahead. Thank you.